Drug of the Month Priorix® MMR Vaccine

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

virus-containing vaccine. (4.1)
• Severe immunodeficiency. (4.2)

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use PRIORIX safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for PRIORIX.

PRIORIX (Measles, Mumps, and Rubella Vaccine, Live), suspension for subcutaneous injection
INDICATIONS AND USAGE
PRIORIX is a vaccine indicated for active immunization for the prevention of measles, mumps, and rubella in individuals 12 months of age and older. (1)
DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION
For subcutaneous injection only. Each dose is approximately 0.5 mL. • The first dose is administered at 12 through 15 months of age. (2.1) • The second dose is administered at 4 through 6 years of age. (2.1)
DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS
PRIORIX is a suspension for injection supplied as a single-dose vial of lyophilized antigen component to be reconstituted with the accompanying prefilled syringe of sterile water diluent component. A single dose after reconstitution is approximately 0.5 mL. (3)
CONTRAINDICATIONS
• Severe allergic reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis) to any component of PRIORIX, or after a previous dose of any measles, mumps, and rubella

• Pregnancy. (4.3, 8.1)	
WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS	
 There is a risk of febrile seizure following administration of PRIORIX. (5.2) 	
• Thrombocytopenia and thrombocytopenic purpura have been reported following vaccination with PRIORIX. (5.3)	
• Syncope (fainting) can occur in association with administration of	
injectable vaccines, including PRIORIX. Procedures should be in place to avoid injury from fainting. (5.4)	
• The tip caps of the prefilled syringes contain natural rubber latex, which	
may cause allergic reactions. (5.5)	
ADVERSE REACTIONS	
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Most common solicited adverse reactions in clinical trials participants:	
• 12 through 15 months of age: local reactions were pain (26%) and	
redness (25%); systemic reactions were irritability (63%), loss of appetite (45%), drowsiness (45%), and fever(35%). (6.1)	
• 4 through 6 years of age: local reactions were pain (41%), redness (22%), and swelling (11%); systemic reactions were loss of appetite (21%), drowsiness (27%), and fever(24%). (6.1)	
• 7 years of age and older: local reactions were pain (12%) and redness (12%). (6.1)	
To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact	
GlaxoSmithKline at 1-888-825-5249 or VAERS at 1-800-822-7967 or www.vaers.hhs.gov.	
DDLIC INTEDACTIONS	

• Administration of immune globulins and other blood products concurrently with PRIORIX may interfere with the expected immune

response to the vaccine. (7.1)
PRIORIX may result in a temporary suppression of tuberculin reactivity. (7.2)

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATION	NS

- Do not use during pregnancy. (8.1)
- Avoid pregnancy for 1 month following vaccination with PRIORIX. (8.1)

6.2 Postmarketing Experience

In addition to adverse reactions reported from clinical trials, the following adverse reactions have been identified during postmarketing use of PRIORIX. Because these reactions are reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a causal relationship to vaccination with PRIORIX.

Blood and Lymphatic System Disorders

Thrombocytopenia, thrombocytopenic purpura.
Vascular Disorders
Vasculitis (including Henoch-Schönlein purpura and Kawasaki syndrome).
Immune system Disorders
Anaphylactic reactions.

Infections and Infestations

Meningitis, measles-like illness, mumps-like illness(including orchitis, epididymitis, and parotitis).

Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders

Arthralgia, arthritis.

Nervous System Disorders

Encephalitis, cerebellitis, cerebellitis-like symptoms (including transient gait disturbance and transient ataxia), Guillain-Barré syndrome, transverse myelitis, peripheral neuritis, afebrile seizures, syncope.

Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders

Erythema multiforme

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION.

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